

1. p. 15, Eqn. 2.10-2.11. Here and in Exercise 2.2 and 2.3, it would be helpful to reiterate that data are standardized  $\langle z, z \rangle / N = 1$ .
2. p. 19, 2nd sentence of Section 2.6: Every lasso problem has a solution with at most  $N$  nonzero entries but not every minimizer has to have  $N$  or less nonzero entries. Would be nice to see the original reference Osbourne et al. (2000) in the book.
3. p. 89, Exercise 4.12:  $\hat{g}_2 \rightarrow \hat{g}_j$ .
4. p. 102:  $\alpha \in (0, 1)$  in Armijo rule.
5. p. 107: "+" in (5.31)
6. Chap 5.3.2: more detailed on how to do the backtracking line search would be nice and perhaps reference to the Beck and Teboulle (2009) chapter?
7. p. 121, line after (5.62):  $nxd \rightarrow dxm, nxd \rightarrow dxn$
8. p. 137, Ex. 5.12 (a) (b)
9. p. 273,  $\Phi$  instead of  $\Phi^T$  in (10.4)
10. p. 277, line -1: "Boolean vectors  $u \in \{-1, 0, 1\}^p$ ".
11. p. 278, line 2: seems more natural to use  $\log(2e \dots)$  instead of  $\log(e^2 \dots)$ .
12. p. 281, 10.4.1,  $C(S)$  is not a convex cone, just a cone.
13. p. 282, equation (10.22): Add  $j \neq j'$
14. p. 284, two lines after (10.24): extra  $|$  before double sum on the RHS.
15. p. 286, Ex. 10.1 (a): when  $d = N$ . (b) would be helpful to state that the upper bound is not tight / what the best constants and the largest interval for  $t$  are.
16. p. 286, Ex. 10.2 (a):  $\|u\|_2^2 = 1$ .
17. p. 287, Ex. 10.6 (b):  $X_S$  should be  $X$  (otherwise not conformable)
18. p. 286, Ex. 10.3(c): Replace the bound  $M = (1/\epsilon)^{cp}$  with  $M = (c/\epsilon)^p$
19. p. 286, Ex. 10.3(a): The claim is not true. Indeed, for any numbers  $\epsilon > 0$  and  $\alpha > 0$ , there exists a minimal  $\epsilon$ -covering set of a compact set  $\mathcal{A}$  that is not an  $\alpha$ -packing set. To see this, choose  $N$  so that  $\frac{\epsilon}{N} \leq \alpha$  and consider the interval  $\mathcal{A} = [0, \left(3 + \frac{1}{N}\right)\epsilon]$ . The set  $\mathcal{U} = \left[\epsilon, \left(1 + \frac{1}{N}\right)\epsilon, \left(3 + \frac{1}{N}\right)\epsilon\right]$  is a minimal  $\epsilon$ -covering of  $\mathcal{A}$ , but not an  $\frac{\epsilon}{N}$ -packing set (and hence not an  $\alpha$ -packing set).
20. p. 286, Ex. 10.3(b): Every maximal  $\epsilon$ -packing set is an  $\epsilon$ -covering set.
21. p. 295, line -5: no need for "stochastically dominated by"
22. p. 300, period at end of (11.25a).
23. p. 301, proof of (11.25b): why not use (11.23) instead of (11.22)? And 3 instead of 12 as multiplicative constant?
24. p. 303, (11.31): Has matrix infinity norm been defined before?
25. p. 305, (11.32): "-" missing?
26. p. 308: "-" RHS in (11.35)?
27. p. 309, last two displays:  $Z_S$  instead of  $U_S$ .
28. p. 309, line -8/9: "choice of  $\lambda_N$  guarantees..." some extra hypothesis seems needed as  $\lambda_N$  is chosen as a function also of  $\sigma$  and  $K_{clm}$  which could be very small.